



Managing Unreasonable Complainant Behaviour Policy

Renamed - Managing Unreasonable Complainant Behaviour Policy							
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CORP/PG/003	3	HOC	2	Corp	July '26	July '29	HOC
Previously - Dealing with Abusive, Persistent or Vexatious Complaints and Complainants Policy							
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Distribution

Internal: All SCC Staff

External: Website/Councillors/Partners

1. Introduction:

- 1.1. Salisbury City Council is committed to dealing with all complaints equitably, comprehensively, and in a timely manner. The Council will not normally limit the contact which complainants have with Council staff.
- 1.2. However, the Council does not expect staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour by complainants or any customer. Unacceptable behaviour includes behaviour which is abusive, offensive or threatening, such as:
 - 1.2.1. Using abusive or foul language on the telephone
 - 1.2.2. Using abusive or foul language face to face
 - 1.2.3. Sending an excessive volume of emails, multiple emails about the same matter, after a response has been provided, in a way that hinders the effective handling of the complaint.
 - 1.2.4. Leaving multiple voicemails, repeated voicemails about the same matter, after a response has been provided, in a way that places unreasonable demands on staff time and resources.
 - 1.2.5. Making repeated contact through multiple channels about various or the same matter, without new relevant information, in a way that disrupts service delivery or complaint handling.
- 1.3. Salisbury City Council will take action to protect staff from such behaviour. If a complainant behaves in a way that is unreasonably persistent or behaviour is unreasonable, the Council will follow this policy.
- 1.4. Dealing with a complaint can be a straightforward process, but in a minority of cases, people pursue their complaints in a way which can either impede the investigation of their complaint or can have significant resource issues for the Council. This can happen either while their complaint is being investigated, or once the Council has finished dealing with the complaint.
- 1.5. Raising legitimate queries or criticisms of a complaints policy and procedure as it progresses, for example if agreed timescales are not met, should not in itself lead to someone being regarded as unreasonable behaviour or an unreasonably persistent complainant.
- 1.6. Similarly, the fact that a complainant is unhappy with the outcome of a complaint and seeks to challenge it should not necessarily cause them to be labelled as behaving unreasonably-or being unreasonably persistent.
- 1.7. This policy also applies to complainants who are complaining to councillors who are acting as members of the Council.

2. Aim of this Policy:

- 2.1. The aim of this Policy is to contribute to our overall aim of dealing with all complainants in ways which are demonstrably consistent, fair and reasonable.
- 2.2. It sets out how the Council will decide which complainants will be treated as behaving unreasonably or unreasonably persistent, and what the Council will

do in those circumstances. The policy is for the information of staff and Councillors, as well as complainants.

3. Definition of Unreasonable Behaviour or Persistence Vexatious from Complainants:

- 3.1. Salisbury City Council has adopted the Local Government and Social Care Ombudsman (LGSCO) definition of “unreasonable actions by complainants” and “unreasonable persistent complaints”
- 3.2. Salisbury City Council defines unreasonable behaviour or persistence complainants as those complainants who, because of the frequency or nature of their contacts with the Council, hinder our consideration of their or other people's complaints. The description ‘unreasonably persistent’ and ‘unreasonable behaviour’ may apply separately or jointly to a particular complainant.

4. Examples of Unreasonable Persistence and/or Behaviours:

This list is not exhaustive, nor does one single feature on its own necessarily imply that the person will be considered as being in this category

- 4.1. Have insufficient or no grounds for their complaint and be making the complaint only to annoy (or for reasons that they do not admit or make obvious).
- 4.2. Refuse to specify the grounds of a complaint despite offers of assistance.
- 4.3. Refuse to co-operate with the complaints investigation process while still wishing their complaint to be resolved.
- 4.4. Refuse to accept that issues are not within the remit of the complaints policy and procedure despite having been provided with information about the scope of the policy and procedure.
- 4.5. Refuse to accept that issues are not within the power of the Council to investigate, change or influence (for example something that is the responsibility of another organisation).
- 4.6. Insist on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the complaints procedure or with good practice (insisting, for instance, that there must not be any written record of the complaint).
- 4.7. Make what appear to be groundless complaints about the staff dealing with the complaints and seek to have them dismissed or replaced.
- 4.8. Make an unreasonable number of contacts with us, by any means in relation to a specific complaint or complaints.
- 4.9. Make persistent and unreasonable demands or expectations of staff and/or the complaints process after the unreasonableness has been explained to the complainant (an example of this could be a complainant who insists on

immediate responses to numerous, frequent and/or complex letters, faxes, telephone calls or emails).

- 4.10. Harass or verbally abuse or otherwise seek to intimidate staff dealing with their complaint, in relation to their complaint by use of foul or inappropriate language or by the use of offensive or racist language.
- 4.11. Raise subsidiary or new issues whilst a complaint is being addressed that were not part of the complaint at the start of the complaint policy and procedure.
- 4.12. Introduce trivial or irrelevant new information whilst the complaint is being investigated and expect this to be taken into account and commented on.
- 4.13. Change the substance or basis of the complaint without reasonable justification whilst the complaint is being addressed.
- 4.14. Deny statements they made at an earlier stage in the complaint process.
- 4.15. Electronically record meetings and conversations without the prior knowledge and consent of the other person(s) involved.
- 4.16. Adopt an excessively 'scattergun' approach, for instance, pursuing a complaint or complaints not only with the council, but at the same time with a Member of Parliament, other councils, elected councillors of this and other councils, the council's independent auditor, the police, solicitors, and the Local Government Ombudsman.
- 4.17. Refuse to accept the outcome of the complaint process after its conclusion, repeatedly arguing the point, complaining about the outcome, and/or denying that an adequate response has been given.
- 4.18. Make the same complaint repeatedly, perhaps with minor differences, after the complaints procedure has been concluded, and insist that the minor differences make these 'new' complaints which should be put through the full complaints procedure.
- 4.19. Persistently approach the council through different routes about the same issue.
- 4.20. Persist in seeking an outcome which the Council have explained is unrealistic for legal or policy (or other valid) reasons.
- 4.21. Refuse to accept documented evidence as factual.
- 4.22. Complain about or challenge an issue based on a historic and irreversible decision or incident.
- 4.23. Combine some or all of these features.

5. Managing Unreasonable Behaviours and/or Persistence from Complainants:

5.1. Review and Investigation

- 5.1.1. Before any action is taken, the Head of Corporate will ensure that the complaint is being, or has been, investigated properly according to the Council's agreed Complaints Policy and Complaints Procedure.
- 5.1.2. In considering whether this policy should be applied, the Head of Corporate will also consider whether the complainant may have a disability, vulnerability, communication need, or other relevant circumstance which may affect how they access or engage with the complaints process. Where appropriate, the Council will consider reasonable adjustments and alternative communication arrangements before deciding whether restrictions are necessary.
- 5.1.3. When a complainant begins to demonstrate behaviours such as listed above, the Head of Corporate will consult with the Chairman, Leader of the Council and Chair of the Governance, Policy & HR Committee. The Head of Corporate will provide sufficient information to them for them to determine whether the complaint fulfils the definition as shown above. If it is agreed that the complaint fulfils the definition the Head of Corporate will issue a warning to the complainant about their behaviours.
- 5.1.4. The Head of Corporate will do so by contacting the complainant either by phone, in writing or by email to explain why this behaviour is causing concern, and ask them to change this behaviour. The Head of Corporate will explain the actions that the Council may take if the behaviour does not change, which may include the implementation of the 3-stage warning process.

5.2. Stage 1 Formal Warning

- 5.2.1. If the disruptive behaviour continues, the Head of Corporate will issue a reminder letter to the complainant advising them that the way in which they will be allowed to contact us in future will be restricted.
- 5.2.2. This may request that they no longer submit further correspondence on concluded or matters that are being investigated.

5.3. Stage 2 Formal Warning

- 5.3.1. If following this letter, the behaviour continues, the Head of Corporate will inform the Chairman, Leader of the Council and Chair Governance, Policy & HR Committee. They will then determine what restrictions are to be imposed on the complainant and for how long. This will be communicated to the complainant in writing.
- 5.3.2. Any restriction that is imposed on the complainant's contact with the Council will be appropriate and proportionate and the complainant will be advised of the period of time the restriction will be in place for. In most cases restrictions will apply for between 3 and 6 months but in exceptional cases may be extended. In such cases the restrictions would be reviewed on an annual basis.

- 5.3.3. In the event of the Chairman being actively involved in investigating a complaint under the Complaints Policy, the consultation and decision-making process will fall to the Leader of the Council and the Chair of the Governance, Policy & HR Committee.

5.4. Possible Stage 2 Complainant Restrictions

- 5.4.1. Restrictions will be tailored to deal with the individual circumstances of the complainant and may include:

- 5.4.1.1. Banning the complainant from making contact by telephone except through a third party e.g. solicitor/councillor/friend acting on their behalf
- 5.4.1.2. Banning the complainant from sending emails to individuals and/or all Council officers and insisting they only correspond by letter
- 5.4.1.3. Banning the complainant from using any of the Council's services
- 5.4.1.4. Banning the complainant from accessing any Council building except by appointment
- 5.4.1.5. Requiring contact to take place with one named member of staff only
- 5.4.1.6. Restricting telephone calls to specified days / times / duration.
- 5.4.1.7. Requiring any personal contact to take place in the presence of an appropriate witness.
- 5.4.1.8. Letting the complainant know that the Council will not reply to or acknowledge any further contact from them on the specific topic of that complaint (in this case, a designated member of staff should be identified who will read future correspondence, this will usually be the Head of Corporate or Corporate Manager).

5.5. Notifying the Complainant

- 5.5.1. When the decision has been taken to apply this policy to a complainant, the Head of Corporate will contact the complainant in writing to explain:

- 5.5.1.1. Why the Council have taken the decision,
- 5.5.1.2. What action the Council are taking,
- 5.5.1.3. The duration of that action,
- 5.5.1.4. The review process of this policy, and
- 5.5.1.5. The Head of Corporate will enclose a copy of this policy in the letter to the complainant.

5.6. Stage 3 Formal Warning

- 5.6.1. Where a complainant continues to behave in a way which is unacceptable, the Head of Corporate, in consultation with the Chairman, Leader of the Council and Chair of the Governance, Policy & HR Committee, may decide to refuse all contact with the complainant and stop any investigation into their complaint.
- 5.6.2. Where the behaviour is so extreme or it threatens the immediate safety and welfare of staff, the Council will consider other options, for

example reporting the matter to the Police or taking legal action. In such cases, the Council may not give the complainant prior warning of that action.

- 5.6.3. Where a complainant who has previously been subject to restrictions under this policy resumes the same or substantially similar behaviour within 12 months of the expiry of those restrictions, the Council reserves the right to reapply restrictions immediately and without repeating earlier stages of this procedure, where it is reasonable and proportionate to do so.

6. New Complaints from Unreasonable Complainants

- 6.1. New complaints from people who have come under this Policy will be treated on their merits. The Head of Corporate will decide whether any restrictions which have been applied before are still appropriate and necessary in relation to the new complaint. The Council do not support a “blanket policy” of ignoring genuine service requests or complaints where they are founded.
- 6.2. The fact that a complainant is judged to be unreasonably persistent or behaviour has been unreasonable, and any restrictions imposed on our contact with them, will be recorded and notified to those who need to know within the Council.

7. Formal Warning Status Review:

- 7.1. The status of a complainant judged to be unreasonably persistent or to behave unreasonably will be reviewed by the Head of Corporate after three months and at the end of every subsequent three months within the period during which the Policy is to apply.
- 7.2. The complainant will be informed of the result of this review if the decision to apply this Policy to them has been changed or extended.

8. Record Keeping:

- 8.1. Adequate records will be retained by the Head of Corporate of the details of the case and the action that has been taken. The Head of Corporate will retain a record of:
- 8.1.1. The name and address of each person who has been identified as behaving unreasonably or unreasonably persistent
 - 8.1.2. When the restriction came into force and ends
 - 8.1.3. What the restrictions are
 - 8.1.4. When the customer and departments were advised
 - 8.1.5. Information recorded under this policy will be retained and shared only where necessary for the purposes of managing unreasonable complainant behaviour, on a need-to-know basis, and in accordance with the Council's data protection obligations and records retention requirements.

8.2. The Head of Corporate will provide with an annual report giving information about customers who have been treated as unreasonable/persistent as per this Policy to the Governance, Policy & HR Committee.